

# HMD 2017: HOW CAN LIFE GO ON?



HOLOCAUST  
MEMORIAL  
DAY TRUST

'For the survivor death is not the problem. Death was an everyday occurrence.  
We learned to live with Death. The problem is to adjust to life, to living.  
You must teach us about living.'

Elie Wiesel – author and survivor of the Holocaust

## Further resources:

### Books:

- Brenner, Michael, *After the Holocaust: Rebuilding Jewish Lives in Postwar Germany*, University Princeton Press, 1997
- Dahlman, Carl, & Tuathail Gearóid Ó., *Bosnia Remade, Ethnic Cleansing and Its Reversal*, Oxford University Press, 2011
- Goldberg, Rita, *Motherland: Growing Up with the Holocaust*, 2014
- Hassa, Judith, *A House Next Door to Trauma: Learning from Holocaust Survivors How to Respond to Atrocity*, Jessica Kingsley Pub, 2009
- Him, Chanrithy, *When Broken Glass Floats*, W. W. Norton & Company, 2000
- Hoffman, Eva, *After Such Knowledge: Memory, History, and the Legacy of the Holocaust*, Perseus Books, 2004  
<http://press.anu.edu.au/wp-content/uploads/2011/05/ch0647.pdf>
- Hukanović, Rezak, *The Tenth Circle of Hell. A Memoir of Life in the Death Camps of Bosnia*, Abacus: 1998
- Koff, Clea, *The Bone Woman; A Forensic Anthropologist's Search for Truth in the Mass Graves of Rwanda, Bosnia, Croatia and Kosovo*, Random House
- Levi, Primo, and Belpoliti, Marco, *The Voice of Memory; Interviews, 1961-1987*, (2000)
- Levi, Primo, *The Drowned and the Saved*, Abacus, 1988
- Lipstadt, Deborah, *Denying the Holocaust: The Growing Assault on Truth and Memory*, Simon and Schuster, 2012

- Lomong, Lopez, with Tabb, Mark, *Running for My Life: One Lost Boy's Journey from the Killing Fields of Sudan to the Olympic Games*, Thomas Nelson, 2012
- Moses, Dirk, 'Coming to terms with genocidal pasts in comparative perspective: Germany and Australia' 2001
- Neuffer, Elizabeth, *The Key to My Neighbor's House: Seeking Justice in Bosnia and Rwanda*, London: Picador, 2002
- Schneider, Helga, *Let Me Go; My Mother and the SS*, 2005
- Smith, Lyn, (ed.) *Forgotten Voices of the Holocaust*, Ebury Press, 2005
- Staub, Ervin, 'Promoting Reconciliation After Genocide and Mass Killing in Rwanda—and Other Post conflict Settings: Understanding the Roots of Violence, Healing, Shared History, and General Principles' PDF available <http://people.umass.edu/estaub/18-Nadler-Chap17.Staub.pdf>
- Tochman, Wojciech, *Like Eating a Stone: Surviving the Past in Bosnia*, London: Portobello Books, 2009
- Vandiver, Margaret, 'Reclaiming Kozarac: Accompanying returning refugees', in: Džemal Sokolović & Florian Bieber (eds.) *Reconstructing Multiethnic Societies: The Case of Bosnia-Herzegovina*, Aldershot: Ashgate, 2001
- Vulliamy, Ed, *The War is Dead, Long Live the War – Bosnia: The Reckoning*, London: The Bodley Head, 2012
- Whitworth, Wendy, (ed.) *Survival: Holocaust survivors tell their story*, Quill Press, 2003
- Whitworth, Wendy, (ed.) *We Survived Genocide in Rwanda*, Quill Press, 2006

## Articles

- 'Life After Genocide; Comparing Bosnia and Rwanda' *Foreign Affairs*, 2 July 2015. <https://www.foreignaffairs.com/articles/rwanda/2015-07-02/life-after-genocide>
- 'Life after the Khmer Rouge: the humour and heartache of Cambodian family photo album' *The Guardian*, 17 April 2015 <http://www.theguardian.com/artanddesign/2015/apr/17/life-after-the-khmer-rouge-the-humour-and-heartache-of-cambodian-family-photo-albums>
- Crawshaw, Steve, 'Srebrenica 20 years after the genocide: Why the survivors need closure' *Independent*, 7 July 2015, <http://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/europe/srebrenica-20-years-after-the-genocide-why-the-survivors-need-closure-10373271.html>

- Denying Genocide in the Face of Science, *Foreign Policy*, 17 July 2015, <http://www.theatlantic.com/international/archive/2015/07/srebrenica-massacre-bosnia-anniversary-denial/398846/>
- Goldhill, Olivia, 'Holocaust survivors' 70 years of trauma: 'I could cry nonstop, even now' *The Telegraph*, 26 January 2015 <http://www.telegraph.co.uk/history/world-war-two/11370513/Holocaust-survivors-70-years-of-trauma-i-could-cry-nonstop-even-now.html>
- Kusura, Arnesa Buljusic 'I'm a refugee who escaped war and genocide in Bosnia. If you think the resettlement process is easy, read this', *Independent*, 26 November 2015 <http://www.independent.co.uk/voices/im-a-refugee-who-escaped-bosnian-concentration-camps-if-you-think-the-resettlement-process-is-easy-a6749781.html>
- Little, Harriet Fitch, 'Forty years after genocide, Cambodia finds complicated truth hard to bear', *The Guardian*, 16 April 2015. <http://www.theguardian.com/world/2015/apr/16/forty-years-after-genocide-cambodia-finds-complicated-truth-hard-to-bear>
- Rwanda, the Art of Remembering and Forgetting, *National Geographic*, 8 April 2014 <http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2014/04/140407-rwanda-genocide-today-anniversary/>

## Film

- *Sexual Violence and the Triumph of Justice*, ICTY, 2012 - 40min documentary on prosecuting crimes of sexual violence committed in Bosnia and Rwanda <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZ4EM6iiq0k>
- *Burden of My Heart*, (dirs. Yves Niyongabo, Iris Olsson) 2011 - Documentary, Rwanda 16 years after genocide
- *For those who can tell no tales*, (Jasmila Zbanic, Kym Vercoe) 2013 - An Australian tourist discovers the silent legacy of wartime atrocities and rapes in Bosnia
- *Grbavica (Esmā's Secret)*(dir. Jasmila Žbanić 2006) Story of a woman and her child, conceived through rape during the Bosnian war, and their lives after the violence
- *The Case for Justice*, International Centre for Transitional Justice, 2012, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2fm1GmDwOqo>
- *Watchers of the Sky*, (Edet Belzberg) 2014 – Documentary, Inspired by Samantha Power's Pulitzer Prize-winning book, 'A Problem From Hell'

## Web resources

- Background information on the Justice and Reconciliation Process in Rwanda <http://www.un.org/en/preventgenocide/rwanda/about/bgjustice.shtml>
- Life after the Holocaust, Blanka Rothschild, <https://www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/article.php?ModuleId=10007189>
- Life after the Holocaust, USHMM <https://www.ushmm.org/exhibition/life-after-holocaust/>
- USHMM have a section on the 'Aftermath' of the Holocaust, Bosnia, Rwanda, Cambodia
  - <https://www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/article.php?ModuleId=10005129> (Holocaust)
  - <https://www.ushmm.org/confront-genocide/cases/bosnia-herzegovina/bosnia-aftermath> (Bosnia)
  - <https://www.ushmm.org/mobile/confront-genocide/cases-of-genocide/cambodia/cambodia-aftermath> (Cambodia)

## On Justice

- Cigar, Norman, *Indictment in the Hague: the Milošević regime and crimes of the Balkan War*, New York University Press, 2002
- Clark, Janine, 'Collective Guilt, Collective Responsibility and the Serbs', *East European Politics and Societies*, 22:3 (2008), pp.668-692
- Clark, Phil, *The Gacaca Courts, Post-Genocide Justice and Reconciliation in Rwanda: Justice without Lawyers*, Cambridge University Press, 2011
- Honig, Jan Willem, & Both, Norbert, *Srebrenica: Record of a War Crime*, Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1996
- *Justice Compromised The Legacy of Rwanda's Community-Based Gacaca Courts*, Human Rights Watch, May 2011  
<https://www.hrw.org/report/2011/05/31/justice-compromised/legacy-rwandas-community-based-gacaca-courts>
- The Power of Gacaca, <http://www.viewchange.org/videos/the-power-of-gacaca>

## Online court records and archives

- Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia  
<http://www.eccc.gov.kh/en/public-affair/publication/report>

- Genocide archive of Rwanda  
[http://www.genocidearchiverwanda.org.rw/index.php/Welcome\\_to\\_Genocide\\_Archive\\_Rwanda](http://www.genocidearchiverwanda.org.rw/index.php/Welcome_to_Genocide_Archive_Rwanda)
- ICTY court records <http://icr.icty.org/>
- International Criminal Court (ICC) legal library <http://www.legal-tools.org/en/browse/>
- ICC cases [https://www.icc-cpi.int/en\\_menus/icc/situations%20and%20cases/cases/Pages/cases%20index.aspx](https://www.icc-cpi.int/en_menus/icc/situations%20and%20cases/cases/Pages/cases%20index.aspx)
- International Criminal Tribunal for former Yugoslavia (ICTY) website <http://www.icty.org/>
- International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda basic documents <http://unictr.unmict.org/en/tribunal>
- United Nations War Crimes Commission (UNWCC) 1943-1948 <http://www.unwcc.org/documents/>

### **Museums and memorials:**

- [Auschwitz – Birkenau Memorial and Museum](#)  
The post-camp relics are protected by the Museum created in 1947. The Memorial today is the Archive and Collections as well as research, conservation and publishing centre.
- [Documentation and Cultural Centre of German Sinti and Roma](#)  
Based in Heidelberg the centre celebrates more than 600 years of Roma and Sinti communities in Germany. It works with survivors to remember the genocide of these communities and promotes Roma and Sinti culture and tradition today.
- [Imperial War Museum London \(The Holocaust Exhibition\)](#)  
The Holocaust Exhibition at the Imperial War Museum receives around 700 visitors daily, and features archival material and testimony to describe the Nazi persecution of the Jews and other groups. Surrounding galleries tell the wider story of conflict since 1914.
- [Kigali Genocide Memorial](#)  
The Kigali Genocide Memorial is the final resting place for more than 250,000 victims of the Genocide in Rwanda. It honours the memory of those killed in 1994 through education and peace-building
- [National Holocaust Centre](#)  
The National Holocaust Centre was Britain's first dedicated Holocaust Memorial and Education centre and supports anyone needing resource and ideas for commemoration. Resources designed for commemoration are available. The National Holocaust Centre is also open for individual and group visits.

- [Polin: Poland Museum of Jewish Life](#)  
A museum, cultural and educational centre on the site of the former Warsaw Ghetto. There is a Core Exhibition celebrating the thousand-year history of Polish Jews and a rich cultural program, including temporary exhibitions, films, debates, workshops, performances, concerts, lectures and much more.
- [The Srebrenica-Potočari Memorial Centre and Cemetery](#)  
Created in October 2000, barely five years after the genocide that took place there. The cemetery, which now holds over 5,000 of the 8,000 victims, has since been joined by a memorial room and exhibition. In spite of local controversy, it has encouraged many survivors to return to the town, and draws in visitors and dignitaries from across the world to hear its message.
- [Tuol Sleng Genocide Museum](#)  
A museum, chronicling genocide based in Phnom Penh, the capital of Cambodia. The site is a former high school which was used as the notorious Security Prison 21 (S-21) by the Khmer Rouge regime.
- [UK Holocaust Memorial Foundation](#)  
Taking forward the recommendations of the Prime Minister's Holocaust Commission including creation of a UK Holocaust memorial in Victoria Tower Gardens and development of a learning centre to advance Holocaust education in every part of the country.
- [United States Holocaust Memorial Museum](#)  
The USHMM is one of the largest and most respected Holocaust memorial museums in the world.
- [Wiener Library](#)  
The Wiener Library for the Study of the Holocaust and Genocide is the world's oldest Holocaust memorial institution, tracing its history back to 1933. It collects material related to the Holocaust, its causes and legacies.
- [Yad Vashem](#)  
Based in Jerusalem, Yad Vashem is the Jewish people's living memorial to the Holocaust and the world centre for documentation, research, education and commemoration of the Holocaust.

### **Organisations helping life go on or standing against hate today:**

- [Aegis Trust](#)  
The Aegis Trust campaigns to prevent genocide worldwide. Aegis's activities include: research, policy, education, remembrance, awareness of genocide issues in the media and humanitarian support for victims of genocide.
- [Anne Frank Trust](#)  
The Anne Frank Trust works with young people in Britain today to help build a society based on acceptance, mutual respect, compassion and responsibility.

It does this through touring exhibitions about Anne Frank and educational work in schools. Opened in October 2010, The Anne Frank Library is the newest lending and reference specialising in books and resources about Anne Frank, the Holocaust and the wider topics of prejudice and discrimination, social responsibility, conflict and behaviour, and all the moral issues surrounding these topics.

- [Centre for Holocaust Education, Institute of Education](#)  
The IOE's Centre for Holocaust Education is leading world-class research on Holocaust education, delivering free professional development for teachers across England, and providing high-quality and effective teaching and learning resources.
- [CST](#)  
CST is Community Security Trust, a charity that protects British Jews from antisemitism and related threats. CST provides security advice and training for Jewish communal organisations, schools and synagogues. CST secures over 600 Jewish communal buildings and approximately 1,000 communal events every year.
- [Diversity Role Models](#)  
Diversity Role Models actively seeks to prevent homophobic and transphobic bullying in UK schools. They stop bullying before it happens by educating young people about difference, challenging stereotypes and addressing the misuse of language.
- [Equality and Human Rights Commission](#)  
The Equality and Human Rights Commission champions equality and human rights for all. The Equality and Human Rights Commission was established on 1 October 2007 and carries on the work of the Commission for Racial Equality, the Disability Rights Commission and the Equal Opportunities Commission which have now been abolished.
- [Genocide Watch](#)  
Genocide Watch exists to predict, prevent, stop, and punish genocide and other forms of mass murder. It seeks to raise awareness and influence public policy concerning potential and actual genocide. Its purpose is to build an international movement to prevent and stop genocide.
- [Holocaust Educational Trust](#)  
HET works to promote knowledge of the Holocaust and its relevance for today and provides an outreach programme including educator-led workshops and survivor speakers. The *Lessons from Auschwitz* course for teachers and post-16 students incorporate a visit to the former Nazi camp and pre and post-visit seminars.
- [Hate Crime Network](#)  
The Hate Crime Network is a consortium of organisations which focus on the needs of victims affected by hate crime. It brings these organisations together in a structured and supportive network, to share information and facilitate

stronger partnership working, acting as a united voice to improve services to victims.

- [HOPE not hate](#)  
HOPE not hate exists to provide a positive antidote to the politics of hate. It combines research with community organising & grassroots actions to defeat hate groups at elections and to build community resilience against extremism.
- [International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance \(IHRA\)](#)  
IHRA is an intergovernmental body whose purpose is to place political and social leaders' support behind the need for Holocaust education, remembrance and research both nationally and internationally. IHRA was formerly called the Task Force for International Cooperation on Holocaust Education, Remembrance and Research, or ITF.
- [Mencap](#)  
Mencap works with people with a learning disability to change laws, challenge prejudice and support them to live their lives as they choose.
- [Minority Rights Group](#)  
MRG is the leading international human rights organization working to secure rights for ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities and indigenous people around the world.
- [One Billion Rising](#)  
One Billion Rising is the biggest mass action to end violence against women in human history. The campaign, launched on Valentine's Day 2012, began as a call to action based on the staggering statistic that one in three women on the planet will be beaten or raped during her lifetime. With the world population at seven billion, this adds up to more than one billion women and girls.
- [Parliamentary Committee Against Antisemitism Foundation](#)  
The Foundation supports the All-Party Parliamentary Group Against Antisemitism. It aims to make antisemitism a societal concern and, in doing so, help create a more tolerant and unprejudiced society. This will be carried out through raising awareness, education, dialogue, inter-faith co-operation, research and monitoring of antisemitism in the UK.
- [Protection Approaches](#)  
Protection Approaches works to tackle identity-based violence, particularly mass atrocity crimes around the world.
- [Show Racism the Red Card](#)  
Show Racism the Red Card is an anti-racism charity, which was established in January 1996. The aim of the organisation is to produce anti-racist educational resources, which harness the high profile of professional footballers to combat racism.

- [Stephen Lawrence Charitable Trust](#)  
Established in 1998, the Stephen Lawrence Charitable Trust invests in young people whose aspirations and life chances are constrained by economic, cultural and social hardship, broadens access to the architectural, planning and associated professions and promotes equality, diversity and social cohesion.
- [Stonewall](#)  
Stonewall works to achieve equality and justice for lesbians, gay men and bisexual people.
- [Survivors Fund \(SURF\)](#)  
SURF was established in 1997 to assist survivors of the Rwandan genocide, and works through survivor-led partner organisations in Rwanda to address the complex needs of survivors. SURF's vision is a world where the rights and dignity of survivors are respected, its mission is to rebuild a sense of self and trust in humanity amongst survivors. Survivors Fund has free resources on the Rwanda genocide available to download on its website.
- [Tell Mama](#)  
Measuring Anti-Muslim Attacks (MAMA) is a secure and reliable service that allows people from across England to report any form of Anti-Muslim abuse.
- [The Holocaust Survivors' Friendship Association](#)  
The HSFA is a Leeds-based charity set up in 1996. Their primary aim is to preserve the memory of the Holocaust and use its lessons to work towards a more tolerant society in which difference and diversity are celebrated. HSFA members regularly visit schools to give living witness accounts of their personal experiences as refugees, hidden children and survivors of Nazi concentration camps.
- [The Refugee Council](#)  
The Refugee Council is the largest organisation in the UK working with asylum seekers and refugees. The Refugee Council not only gives help and support, but also works with asylum seekers and refugees to ensure their needs and concerns are addressed.
- [USC Shoah Foundation Institute](#)  
Established in 1994 by Steven Spielberg to collect and preserve the testimonies of survivors and other witnesses of the Holocaust, the USC Shoah Foundation Institute maintains one of the largest video digital libraries in the world. The Institute is part of the College of Letters, Arts & Sciences at the University of Southern California; its mission is to overcome prejudice, intolerance, and bigotry — and the suffering they cause — through the educational use of the Institute's visual history testimonies.
- [Waging Peace](#)  
Waging Peace works to inform governments and citizens about the prevention of genocide and mass atrocities. It investigates and exposes systematic and grave violations of human rights, making recommendations to decision-makers, the media and the public.